

HARRIMAN'S FEVER
IS REPORTED HIGHER
SINCE HIS RELAPSE

Physicians Said to Be Taking Extreme Measures to Reduce Temperature.

DOCTOR AND FRIENDS
ADMIT HE'S WORSE

Former Governor Odell Makes Hurried Visit to Financier. Expresses Alarm.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Ex-Governor Benjamin B. Odell, a close friend of Harriman, hurried down from his home at Newburgh to Arden today, the Erie train being stopped at the Harriman private station at the foot of Tower Hill for him. On the train Odell remarked: "Harriman is a very sick man."

It is reported that Mr. Odell was summoned to the Harriman home last night and came on the first train today.

Reports from the Harriman house shortly before noon were that Harriman has a high fever, following his attack of indigestion, and that ice bags are constantly kept on his body in an effort to reduce his temperature.

DOCTOR MAKES STATEMENT.

All the grave concern over the condition of Edward H. Harriman, in his mountain home on Tower Hill, is revived today, following the official announcement given out last night by Dr. Lyle, the Harriman private physician, who said:

"Mr. Harriman has suffered a relapse. He had a slight attack of indigestion on Sunday, but he is resting comfortably today. Mr. Harriman is a sick man, but we hope for the best."

Harriman's Men Meet.

Ex-Judge Robert S. Lovett, traffic official of the Union Pacific, and representatives of all the Harriman lines and interests held a secret session in the offices of the Union Pacific today. At its conclusion Lovett declined to tell what was under discussion, though he did say the conference had nothing to do with Harriman's condition. From another source, however, it was learned that the conference had been in touch with Harriman's Arden home by private telephone.

Judge Lovett looked grave and worried as he hurried into the office. The only statement he would make was to refer questions to Dr. Lyle, Harriman's physician, and to say he understood Harriman was better. It is significant that after the railroad men had been in session for some time a number of representatives of the Harriman banking interests hurried to the Union Pacific offices, and went into the conference. None of them would talk. It was later declared the conference was the regular weekly meeting of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific executive committees, and that only routine business had been transacted. The secretary of the meeting and the establishing of wire communication with Arden, however, led to sinister rumors on the street.

The seriousness of the physical condition of E. H. Harriman was indicated this afternoon by Roland Harriman, the youngest son of the financier, who, in an automobile, went down to the Arden postoffice to get the Harriman mail. "Is your father better today?" he was asked.

"I have not been allowed to see him today," he said, gravely, "but I do not think he is so awfully bad," he hastened to add.

Today newspaper men were refused

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WEATHER REPORT.

Showers are probable between the Ohio river valley and the Appalachian mountain range, but elsewhere generally fair weather will prevail in sections this side of the Mississippi. But little change in temperature is indicated. Frosts will probably occur tonight in the bottom lands of northern New York and New England. The winds along the New England coast will be mostly light to moderate westerly; on the middle Atlantic coast light variable; on the south Atlantic and east Gulf coasts light variable, mostly northeasterly.

TEMPERATURES.
8 a. m. 63
9 a. m. 62
10 a. m. 61
11 a. m. 60
12 m. 59
1 p. m. 58
2 p. m. 57
3 p. m. 56
4 p. m. 55
5 p. m. 54
6 p. m. 53
7 p. m. 52
8 p. m. 51
9 p. m. 50
10 p. m. 49
11 p. m. 48
12 m. 47

FORECAST FOR DISTRICT.
Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; not much change in temperature; light variable winds.

SUN TABLE.
Sun rises 6:24
Sun sets 6:32
TIDE TABLE.
Today—High tide, 1:34 a. m. and 2:07 p. m.
Low tide, 8:20 a. m. and 8:31 p. m.
Tomorrow—High tide, 2:36 a. m. and 3:14 p. m.
Low tide, 9:21 a. m. and 9:58 p. m.

CONDITION OF RIVERS.
HARRIS FERRY, W. Va., Sept. 7.—The Potomac is clear and the Shenandoah is slightly muddy this morning.

A Good Doo, \$1.50 a piece.
Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. Ave. Adv.

Conqueror of the Far North and His Family

LIEUT. COM. ROBERT EDWIN PEARY, U. S. N.

MRS. ROBERT E. PEARY.

CHECK SERIOUS
BREAKS IN MARKET

Bears on Hand Ready to Sell at the Opening Bid.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Before the tap of the opening bell on the Stock Exchange there was a wild crowd of brokers at the Union Pacific post. The new bears satisfied that conditions were turning their way were on hand in great numbers ready to sell at the opening bid.

On the tap of the bell 4,500 shares of Union Pacific were sold at prices varying from 17 1/2 to 18 1/4, as compared with 32 1/2, the closing figure of last Friday, the last previous session of the exchange.

Southern Pacific opened at 12 1/2, a 3/4 point decline, and New York Central, a reputed Harriman stock, dropped 7/8 points on the initial sales.

Always the Lowest.

In the Harrimans as elsewhere in the list the opening quotations were nearly always the lowest of the session. Nor were the declines in the general market at all serious, so that the bears, instead of making profits were met with such a deluge of buying orders that they were routed and their attempt at profits turned to losses.

To anyone familiar with the workings of the market in times of stress it was evident that the Standard Oil Company, the United States Steel Corporation, and probably the Union Pacific Railroad Company, itself, with other friends of Harriman, were putting buying orders into the market freely, the necessary support being forthcoming in such proportions as to prove disastrous to the plans of the bears.

For an hour this support was extended, but the bears appeared to know it and did not care to go against it.

Union Pacific Recovers.

The recovery in Union Pacific was to 19 1/2, and then it slid off to 19 1/4, a loss of 1/4 point. In the first hour of the afternoon the stock broke again to 19 1/4, but rallied to 19 1/2.

Southern Pacific recovered to 12 3/4, eased off to 12 1/2 and rallied 1/4 of a point to 12 3/4.

New York Central, now supposed to be a Harriman stock, slumped 3/4 at the opening, and recovered from 18 1/4 to 18 3/4.

These stocks sustained the greatest loss in the list. Naturally the weakness in the leaders was reflected in the general market, but the declines generally did not extend beyond a couple of points, in many cases not over a fractional loss, while some shares were actually higher than on Friday.

The Hill stocks lost a point, Pennsylvania's net decline was 3/4, Missouri Pacific lost 1/2, and point breaks were obtained in Atchafalpa, Baltimore and Ohio, Chesapeake and Ohio, Louisville and Nashville, "Katy," Rock Island, Frisco and Lead. St. Paul declined 1/2. Steel common broke 1/4 points on the initial sales and recovered to 17 1/4. Numerous 1/4 to 1/2 points losses were recorded.

The consensus of opinion on the Exchange is decidedly conservative. No one looks for any further serious recession in values. There are too many investors looking for stocks at and around present valuations.

While Mr. Harriman's illness has been a severe shock to the investment and speculative world, this is no one man's market.

The prosperity of the United States is not on the wane, it is not near the zenith, but is growing with each day and on a good foundation.

Mr. Harriman has not held the reins for weeks, he may never handle them again, but they will be handled, as they are now, in a capable manner by the assistants whom he has trained.

At 2 o'clock there was a rally, but not accompanied by any great activity.

Excellent is inadequate and halting praise for Piper Heidsieck champagne, flavor chewing tobacco. Try it. Adv.



MOTHER OF PEARY AND HIS TWO CHILDREN.

FEAR TIDAL WAVE
HAS RUINED CITY FEATURE AT LOWELL

Calamity Reported to Have Overcome Territory on Mexican Coast.

MONTEREY, Mexico, Sept. 7.—Much alarm is felt here today for the safety of the lives and property of many American oil men in Soto la Marina, and the surrounding country, which territory is reported overwhelmed by a tidal wave.

The alcalde of Pecos Aldama sends word of the tidal wave. General Manager Clark, of the National railway has sent the steamer Panuco with relief supplies. The affected district is situated on the gulf coast of the State of Tamaulipas, where rich oil discoveries were recently made.

COSTA RICA ELECTS
JIMINEZ PRESIDENT

Republican Candidate Receives 50,000 Votes, While Iglesias Gets 16,000.

PORT LIMON, Costa Rica, Sept. 7.—Official figures show that Ricardo Jiminez, the republican candidate, has been elected President of Costa Rica over Don Rafael Iglesias, the civil candidate.

Jiminez had a total of 50,000 votes, while his rival obtained only 16,000.

ANOTHER MEXICAN FLOOD.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 7.—The town of Tula, in the state of Tamaulipas, was again visited by flood. A number of houses were carried away and rich plantations were damaged. Abject misery prevails in the district. The destruction of the cart roads will make most difficult the sending in of relief from the outside.

Molding (50) Different Kinds, 10 per ft. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. Ave. Adv.

NEWBURGH, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The overloading of a frail canoe resulted in the death of John Florence, twenty-two years old, a summer visitor from Susquehanna, Pa. His two companions, both boys of fifteen, John McKeever and Robert McKeever, were rescued.

PRESIDENT UPHOLDS
BALLINGER IN FIGHT

After Talk With Secretary, Taft Finds Pinchot's Stand Unjustified.

By JAMES HAY, Jr.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 7.—President Taft upholds Richard A. Ballinger, the Secretary of the Interior, in the fight made on Ballinger by Gifford Pinchot, United States Forester, and friends of the globe.

In a conference lasting two hours and a half at the Taft cottage in Beverly last night, the President went over in detail with Mr. Ballinger and Oscar Lawler, Assistant Attorney General for the Interior Department, most of the phases of the charges connected with the Cunningham coal claims in Alaska, and the accusations made by Pinchot that the Water Power trust has been aided by Ballinger's handling of public lands in the West.

He found nothing to shake his confidence in Mr. Ballinger. On the contrary, he found that the fight made by Pinchot is not justified.

Mr. Taft is spending today at the Brookline Country Club, taking in the festivities of the Yale field day, but he will have a conference again with Mr. Ballinger and Mr. Lawler either this afternoon or tomorrow.

Ballinger is at the Hotel Touraine. He refuses to discuss the matter in any way, contenting himself with the statement that the President will probably have something to say on the merits of the case in due time.

The facts of the return to the West some time next week and will carry out the plan of traveling with the President will be overhauled and that Pinchot, any details of the future coup of the Administration in regard to the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy cannot be omitted today. All that is known is that Ballinger is the victor. And, as the fight has been a bitter one, so will the victory be all the more complete.

Friends of the President are predicting here today that the whole Forestry Bureau of the Agricultural Department will be overhauled and that Pinchot, its head, and Assistant Forester Price will go by the board. It is taken for granted that Ballinger will not remain in the service if Pinchot continues to hold office. And between the two, the President will make only the one choice, Ballinger.

When the Secretary of the Interior arrived in Beverly yesterday afternoon he and Mr. Lawler carried three big portfolios bulging with official documents. They were the Ballinger armament. It was learned that Mr. Taft was at the Myopia Hunt Club, but because he had made up his mind that he would end the fight that was being waged on him, he left the club and he would talk business last night.

This he did, and the result justified his trip across the continent.

It is a well-known fact that the President will make any official statement on the case is undecided. He may do it within the next few days before starting for the West, or he may prefer to do so in a speech in the West. But that he will do it is not doubted here.

The facts back of the fight against Ballinger by Pinchot are such as to warrant the assumption that retribution will fall on the Forestry Bureau in emphatic manner.

The controversy was brought up by Pinchot and his friends, the impression as it was designed to do, in some quarters that the Taft Administration, standing behind Ballinger, was cutting loose from the principle of conservation of the country's national resources, and that he was not serving the public's interests. On top of that came the direct charge of L. R. Glavis that the Cunningham coal claims for which Ballinger had been an attorney were improperly speeded through the department.

No. 1 Pair of Blinds, \$1.15 Per Pair. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. Ave. Adv.

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GREAT WELCOME
AWAITING PEARY
AT CHATEAU BAY

Little Labrador Village Where Part of the Roosevelt Crew Was Recruited Is Aroused by News of the Pole's Discovery.

EXPLORER IS COMING DIRECTLY HERE

American Naval Officer Believing This Probably Would Be His Last Chance, Made It His Supreme Effort—Met by Relief Ship Jeanie.

CHATEAU BAY, Labrador, Sept. 7.—This little town, on the bleak coast of Labrador, today is excited as never before in its history by the expected arrival this afternoon of Lieut. Robert E. Peary, who yesterday electrified the world with the announcement that he had "nailed the Stars and Stripes at the North Pole" on April 6 of this year.

Peary is coming aboard the little steamer Roosevelt, which carried him on his perilous trip until the frigidty of the Far North hemmed it in with ice.

Natives within all points of communication have rushed to Chateau Bay, and Peary is assured of a welcome which, if lacking in the spectacular features that greeted Dr. Frederick A. Cook's return to civilization at Copenhagen, will nevertheless be as enthusiastic.

Captain Bartlett of the Roosevelt and several members of the crew are known along the Labrador coast, and they will receive a welcome little less demonstrative than that accorded the explorer.

PEARY-COOK FEUD
IS NOW EXPECTED

Believed Counter Claims Will Engender Hostile Feeling.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 7.—"Bully for Peary," was the first exclamation of Dr. Frederick A. Cook, when handed a copy of the dispatch from Commander Peary, announcing his successful quest of the globe.

"There can be no doubt in the minds of any one who knows Commander Peary, that that message came from him. The wording of it makes me sure that he has reached the Pole; it sounds so like Peary."

Dr. Cook took the message and read it over carefully a second time.

"I am mighty glad that Peary has succeeded; he is one of the bravest and most persevering men that ever went into the North, and he deserves the honor that will come to him. In addition to that feature of it, I am certain that his observations and reports will bear out, corroborate the data that I have collected. Of course, however, it would be hypocritical of me to say, as Cook says, as the axis is ever, it would be hypocritical of me to attempt in having been able to plant the American flag on the Pole a year before Peary reached the spot."

Cook contends that Peary's success proves that he, himself, is claiming nothing impossible when he says he discovered the pole in the manner outlined. He hopes that Peary found the evidence of this, owing to the ice drifts.

It is unlikely that the two men reached the earth's axis at anywhere near the same spot. Cook says, as the axis is a more or less general term and stretches for several miles.

Cook nettled.

Despite Dr. Cook's generous tribute to his rival, it was an obvious fact that Peary's messages had nettled him considerably, and today he stated that owing to his great desire to return to his wife and children, he may alter his plans to leave for New York, sailing from Antwerp within a week. It is generally believed here that Dr. Cook deems it advisable to retain the strategic advantage he has already gained and get back to New York ahead of Commander Peary.

Peary is an interview with several foreign correspondents today. Dr. Cook declared he is merely a "friendly rival" of Commander Peary, but the scientists, conversant with the real status of affairs between Dr. Cook and Commander Peary, are expecting an early outbreak of hostilities between the two and an open feud with nasty features is freely predicted. It is a well-known fact among scientific men that the rivalry between Cook and Peary, a rivalry which has been shared in by their respective wives, has for some time amounted almost to an open feud. Friends of Peary contend that Dr. Cook's winter dash for the pole was conceived by Dr. Cook and resorted to by Peary.

Doubts Peary.

Capt. Otto Sverdrup, the world-famous Arctic explorer, who credits without question Dr. Cook's statement that he reached the Pole, is equally outspoken in his conversation in expressing doubt that Commander Peary has been successful. Captain Sverdrup, however, is known to be unfriendly to the naval engineer.

It is now "Professor" Cook, of the Royal University, this honorary degree was conferred on Dr. Cook by the regents of the great University and indicated that the institution has accepted Dr. Cook's claim without hesitation.

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RELIEF SHIP RETURNING.
The Peary relief ship Jeanie, which left St. John's last July with provisions for the expedition, is also returning, having met the expedition off the coast of Greenland.

Commander Peary's message to the world was sent from Indian Harbor, about 100 miles from here.

The Roosevelt is expected to remain here only long enough for Peary to file at the local telegraph office a more detailed account of his discovery. Yesterday's messages were sent by wireless, and contained no news other than the announcement and date of discovery and the condition of the party.

With fair sailing the Roosevelt should reach Sydney, Nova Scotia, by the end of the week. The trip from Sydney to New York by rail can be made in thirty-six hours, so it is possible that Peary will be back in New York Saturday night or Sunday. It is expected that his wife and children will meet him in Sydney.

NOTIFYING NATIONS
ABOUT PEARY'S FEAT

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Herbert L. Bridgman, secretary-treasurer of the Peary Arctic Club, is today in receipt of a message from Commander Peary, as follows:

"Kindly rush following: Wire all the principal home and foreign geographical societies of the nations, including Japan and Brazil, that the North Pole was reached April 6, by Peary's Arctic Club expedition, under Commander Peary."

Bridgman wired the message to the Secretary of the Navy, and ex-President Roosevelt, at Nairobi, British East Africa. The message to Mr. Roosevelt was as follows:

"North Pole discovered April 6 by Peary Arctic Club's expedition in command of Peary."

No reply has been received as yet from the ex-President.

Messages have been sent by Mr. Bridgman already to the Royal Geographical Society, of London, Reuss, and Rome, The Imperial Geographical Society, located in Berlin, and St. Petersburg, and the Paris Geographical Society.

Commander Peary is now at sea. He is expected to reach Sydney on Thursday, when, it is generally believed, he will hurry on to New York, which he will be able to reach from Sydney in thirty-six hours.

FRENCHMEN PROCLAIM
PEARY AS DISCOVERER

PARIS, Sept. 7.—In the belief that Commander Peary, himself a thorough scientist, made accurate and comprehensive observations on his dash to the North Pole, French scientists are already acclaiming him as the "real discoverer" of the Pole. It is conceded that Cook may have reached the Pole first, but his discovery, it is feared, was of little value to the scientific world.

There is absolutely no disposition in France to doubt Peary's story. It is believed that he will present such an array of evidence as to discredit Cook in the eyes of many people of a scientific turn of mind.

M. Levasseur, a noted French geographer, and a member of the faculty of the College of France, declared today that scientists will look to Peary for North Pole information. Cook's own words that his records may contain errors and the fact that he took his observations single-handed, while Peary is believed to have had competent aids, has turned the tide completely in Peary's favor.

WILL REVOLUTIONIZE
POLAR EXPLORATION

LONDON, Sept. 7.—In the opinion of Lieut. Ernest Shackleton, the English Antarctic explorer who came within 111 miles of reaching the South Pole, there is no doubt that the discovery of the North Pole by Peary will revolutionize polar exploration.

Pretty Mantels, \$2.50 a piece. Frank Libbey & Co., 6th and N. Y. Ave. Adv.

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